

সমান্তর প্রগমন ও গুণোত্তর প্রগমন

(Arithmetic Progression &  
geometric Progression)  
Ch-4

$$10 \text{ (iv)} \quad 2 + 5 + 14 + 41 + 122 \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots$$

ধৰি,  $s_n = 2 + 5 + 14 + 41 + 122 \dots \dots \dots \dots t_n$

এবং  $s_n = 2 + 5 + 14 + 41 + 122 \dots \dots \dots t_{n-1} + t_n$

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$$0 = 2 + 3 + 9 + 27 + 81 + \dots \dots \dots (t_n - t_{n-1}) - t_n$$

$$t_n = 2 + 3 + 9 + 27 + 81 + \dots \dots \dots$$

$$= 1 + 1 + 3 + 9 + 27 + 81 +$$

$$\therefore 1 + (1 + 3 + 9 + \dots + 27 + 81 + \dots \dots \dots)$$

$$= 1 + 1 \frac{3^n - 1}{3 - 1}$$

$$= 1 + \frac{3^n - 1}{2}$$

$$= 1 + \frac{3^n}{2} - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{3^n}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$$

$n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$  ইত্যাদি বসাইয়া পাই,

$$n = 1, 1\text{ম পদ} = \frac{3^1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$n = 2, 2\text{য় পদ} = \frac{3^2}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$n = 3, 3\text{য় পদ} = \frac{3^3}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$$

.....

$$n \text{ তম পদ} = \frac{3^n}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$$

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$$S_n = \frac{1}{2} (3^1 + 3^2 + 3^3 + \dots + 3^n) + \frac{1}{2} (1 + 1 + 1 + \dots + 1)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left\{ 3 \frac{(3^n - 1)}{3-1} \right\} + \frac{n}{2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \frac{(3 \cdot 3^n - 3)}{2} + \frac{n}{2}$$

$$= \frac{(3^{n+1} - 3)}{4} + \frac{n}{2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}(3^{n+1} - 3) + \frac{n}{2} \text{ Ans.}$$

$$10 \text{ (iv)} \quad 2+5+10+17+26 \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots$$

ধৰি,  $s_n = 2+5+10+17+26 \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots t_n$

এবং  $s_n = 2+5+10+17+26 \dots \dots \dots t_{n-1} + t_n$

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$$0 = 2+3+5+7+9+\dots \dots \dots (t_n - t_{n-1}) - t_n$$

$$t_n = 2+3+5+7+9+\dots \dots \dots$$

$$= 1+1+3+5+7+9+\dots \dots \dots$$

$$= 1+(1+3+5+7+9+\dots \dots \dots)$$

$$= 1+n^2$$

$n = 1, 2, 3 \dots \dots \dots$  ইত্যাদি বসাইয়া পাই,

$$n = 1, 1 \text{ ম } \text{পদ } t_1 = 1^2 + 1$$

$$n = 2, 2 \text{য } \text{পদ } t_2 = 2^2 + 1$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} n = 3, 3 \text{য } & t_3 = 2^3 + 1 \\ \dots \dots \dots \text{পদ} \dots \dots \dots & \\ n \text{ তম পদ } & t_n = n^2 + 1 \end{array}$$

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$$\begin{aligned} s_n &= (1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + 4^2 + \dots \dots \dots) + (1 + 1 + 1 \dots \dots \dots) \\ &= \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6} + n \\ &= n \left\{ \frac{(n+1)(2n+1)}{6} + 1 \right\} \end{aligned}$$

$$= n \left\{ \frac{(n+1)(2n+1)}{6} + 1 \right\}$$

$$= n \left( \frac{2n^2 + 2n + n + 1}{6} + 1 \right)$$

$$= n \left( \frac{2n^2 + 3n + 1 + 6}{6} \right)$$

$$= n \left( \frac{2n^2 + 3n + 7}{6} \right)$$